

A very very short CalcTeX introduction for very very impatient

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<http://sg.bzip.pl/CalcTeX>

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 - CalcT_EX example for T_EX sources
- 3 Calculation with units
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What is CalcTeX?

CalcTeX is a very simply package for calculation by mean of solver – currently python & based on T_EX & L^AT_EX standard. For CalcTeX calculation is quite supportive a basic knowledge of T_EX or L^AT_EX, python knowledge in not necessary. For calculation are using following T_EX/L^AT_EX environmental:

```
$ ... $
\[ ... \]
\begin{equation} ... \end{equation}
```

where ... means: variables, variables definition and actions.

For definition is using " := " and for quotation is " ... "

Example:

Source	Effect
\$ a := \frac{1.2}{3^{4.5}} \cdot 6 + \sqrt[7]{8.9} \$	definition of "a"
value	$a := \frac{1.2}{3^{4.5}} \cdot 6 + \sqrt[7]{8.9}$
\$ a \$	printing of "a" value
	$a = 1.41787511296$

Values definition & printing

CalcT_EX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

pdf Effect

Values definition & printing

CalcT_EX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

This is a `\TeX` text ... in eq. `\eqref{bdef}`

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1)

Values definition & printing

CalcT_EX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
```

```
$
```

```
    %begin of CalcTEX calculation env.
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1)

Values definition & printing

CalcT_EX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
$\alpha := \pi/2 $ % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
```

```
%end of CalcTEX calculation env.
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

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This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
 $\alpha := \pi/2$  % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
\begin{equation}
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CalcTeX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

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This is a T_EX text ... in
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CalcT_EX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
 $\alpha := \pi/2$  % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTEX calculation env.
b:=\sin(\alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
```

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This is a T_EX text ... in
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Values definition & printing

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This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

Values definition & printing

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 $\alpha := \pi/2$  % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTeX calculation env.
b:=\sin(\alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

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pdf Effect

This is a TeX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

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Values definition & printing

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\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTEX calculation env.
b:=\sin(\alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
\end{equation} %end of CalcTEX calculation env.
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

Values definition & printing

CalcT_EX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

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This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
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\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTEX calculation env.
b:=\sin(\alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
\end{equation} %end of CalcTEX calculation env.
\l[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

Values definition & printing

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\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTeX calculation env.
b:=\sin(\alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
\end{equation} %end of CalcTeX calculation env.
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
 $\alpha/\pi$  % printing  $\alpha/\pi$  value
```

pdf Effect

This is a TeX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\alpha/\pi = 0.5$$

Values definition & printing

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This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
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b:=\sin(\alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
\end{equation} %end of CalcTEX calculation env.
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
$ \alpha/\pi $ % printing  $\alpha/\pi$  value
$ b^2+c^2 $ % -- printing:  $b^2 + c^2$  value
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\alpha/\pi = 0.5$$

$$b^2 + c^2 = 1.0$$

Values definition & printing

CalcTeX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
$\alpha := \pi/2 $ % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTeX calculation env.
b:=\sin( \alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
\end{equation} %end of CalcTeX calculation env.
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
$ \alpha/\pi $ % printing  $\alpha/\pi$  value
$ b^2+c^2 $ % -- printing:  $b^2 + c^2$  value
$\pi $ % printing  $\pi$  value
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\alpha/\pi = 0.5$$

$$b^2 + c^2 = 1.0$$

$$\pi = 3.14159265359$$

Values definition & printing

CalcTeX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
$\alpha := \pi/2 $ % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTeX calculation env.
b:=\sin( \alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
\end{equation} %end of CalcTeX calculation env.
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
$ \alpha/\pi $ % printing  $\alpha/\pi$  value
$ b^2+c^2 $ % -- printing:  $b^2 + c^2$  value
$\pi $ % printing  $\pi$  value
"\[a^2+b^2=c^2\Lefttrightarrow\]" % quotation
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha/\pi &= 0.5 \\ b^2 + c^2 &= 1.0 \\ \pi &= 3.14159265359 \\ a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \Leftrightarrow \end{aligned}$$

Values definition & printing

CalcTeX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
 $\alpha := \pi/2$  % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
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b:=\sin(\alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
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\end{equation} %end of CalcTeX calculation env.
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
 $\alpha/\pi$  % printing  $\alpha/\pi$  value
 $b^2+c^2$  % -- printing:  $b^2 + c^2$  value
 $\pi$  % printing  $\pi$  value
" $a^2+b^2=c^2 \Leftrightarrow$ " % quotation
```

pdf Effect

This is a TeX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\alpha/\pi = 0.5$$

$$b^2 + c^2 = 1.0$$

$$\pi = 3.14159265359$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2 \Leftrightarrow$$

Values definition & printing

CalcTeX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
$\alpha := \pi/2 $ % -- definition of  $\alpha$  value
\begin{equation} %begin of CalcTeX calculation env.
b:=\sin( \alpha) % definition of  $b$  value
"\label{bdef}" % quotation - no calculation env.
\end{equation} %end of CalcTeX calculation env.
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \] % def. of  $c$  value
$ \alpha/\pi $ % printing  $\alpha/\pi$  value
$ b^2+c^2 $ % -- printing:  $b^2 + c^2$  value
$\pi $ % printing  $\pi$  value
"\[a^2+b^2=c^2\Leftrightarrow\]" % quotation
\[c:=\sqrt{a^2+b^2} \] % re-def. of  $c$  value
```

pdf Effect

This is a \TeX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha/\pi &= 0.5 \\ b^2 + c^2 &= 1.0 \\ \pi &= 3.14159265359 \\ a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \Leftrightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$c := \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

Values definition & printing

CalcTeX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

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This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
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$ \alpha/\pi $ % printing  $\alpha/\pi$  value
$ b^2+c^2 $ % -- printing:  $b^2 + c^2$  value
$\pi $ % printing  $\pi$  value
"\[a^2+b^2=c^2\Leftrightarrow\]" % quotation
\[c:=\sqrt{a^2+b^2} \] % re-def. of  $c$  value
$c$ %-- printing 'c' value
```

pdf Effect

This is a TeX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha/\pi &= 0.5 \\ b^2 + c^2 &= 1.0 \\ \pi &= 3.14159265359 \\ a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \Leftrightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$c := \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$c = 1.65165150928$$

Values definition & printing

CalcT_EX Sources – Example – 'ex01.tex'

```
This is a \TeX\ text ... in eq. \eqref{bdef}
$\alpha := \pi/2 $
\begin{equation}
b:=\sin(\alpha)
"\label{bdef}"
\end{equation}
\[ c:=\cos(\alpha) \]
$ \alpha/\pi $
$ b^2+c^2 $
$\pi $
"\[a^2+b^2=c^2\Leftrightarrow\]"
\[c:=\sqrt{a^2+b^2} \]
$c$
```

pdf Effect

This is a T_EX text ... in
eq. (1) $\alpha := \pi/2$

$$b := \sin(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$c := \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\alpha/\pi = 0.5$$

$$b^2 + c^2 = 1.0$$

$$\pi = 3.14159265359$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$c := \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$c = 1.65165150928$$

CalcT_EX example for T_EX sources

CalcT_EX sources - 'tex-calc.tex'

```
Task \par
Tom has 81.52 kg ($m_t:=81.52$)
Ann has 59.9 kg ($m_a:=59.9"~")."$
How much is Tom's \& Ann's
weight? \par Solution \par
We know: \par
$m_t$ kg, $m_a$ kg. \par
Tom's \& Ann's weight is:
$m_{ta}:=m_t+m_a"$,"$
$m_{ta}$ kg.
\par Answer: \par
Tom's \& Ann's weihgt is
$m_{ta}"\rm~kg."$ \end
```

Effect - 'tex.tex'

```
Task
Tom has 81.52 kg (  $m_t := 81.52$  )
Ann has 59.9 kg (  $m_a := 59.9$  ).
How much is Tom's & Ann's
weight?
Solution
We know:
 $m_t = 81.52$  kg,  $m_a = 59.9$  kg.
Tom's & Ann's weight is:
 $m_{ta} := m_t + m_a$ ,  $m_{ta} = 141.42$  kg.
Answer:
Tom's & Ann's weihgt is
 $m_{ta} = 141.42$  kg.
```

Units definition

For calculation with units is necessary a define of units for T_EX and solver.
(Basic units are equal 1.0)

Sources

```
\newcommand{\kg}{\rm kg}    $\kg:=1.0$
\newcommand{\gm}{\rm gm}
$\gm:=\kg/1000.0 $
\newcommand{\meter}{\rm m}  $\m:=1.0$
\newcommand{\km}{\rm km}
$\km:=1000.0 \cdot \meter$
\newcommand{\s}{\rm s}      $\s:=1.0 $
\newcommand{\hr}{\rm hr}
$\hr:=3600.0 \cdot \s$
\newcommand{\J}{\rm J}      $\J:=1.0 $
```

Effect

```
kg := 1.0
gm := kg/1000.0
m := 1.0
km := 1000.0 · m
s := 1.0
hr := 3600.0 · s
J := 1.0
```

After that, if variables are defined in any above mentioned units: ($v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km}/\text{hr}$) $v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km}/\text{hr}$ then this variables values are automatically converted into the basec units:

$$(\$ v \$ \text{ m/s}) \quad v = 334.0 \text{ m/s.}$$

Units definition

For calculation with units is necessary a define of units for $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ and solver.
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```
\newcommand{\kg}{\rm kg}    $\kg:=1.0$
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\newcommand{\J}{\rm J}      $\J:=1.0 $
```

Effect

```
kg := 1.0
gm := kg/1000.0
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Effect

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kg := 1.0
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Effect

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After that, if variables are defined in any above mentioned units: ($v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$) $v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$ then this variables values are automatically converted into the basec units:

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Effect

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kg := 1.0
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m := 1.0
km := 1000.0 · m
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J := 1.0
```

After that, if variables are defined in any above mentioned units: ($v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$) then this variables values are automatically **converted** into the basec units:

$$(\$ v \$ \text{ m/s}) \quad v = 334.0 \text{ m/s.}$$

Units definition

For calculation with units is necessary a define of units for T_EX and solver.
(Basic units are equal 1.0)

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```
\newcommand{\kg}{\rm kg}    $\kg:=1.0$
\newcommand{\gm}{\rm gm}
$\gm:=\kg/1000.0 $
\newcommand{\meter}{\rm m}  $\m:=1.0$
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$\km:=1000.0 \cdot \meter$
\newcommand{\s}{\rm s}      $\s:=1.0 $
\newcommand{\hr}{\rm hr}
$\hr:=3600.0 \cdot \s$
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```

Effect

```
kg := 1.0
gm := kg/1000.0
m := 1.0
km := 1000.0 · m
s := 1.0
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J := 1.0
```

After that, if variables are defined in any above mentioned units: ($v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$) $v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$ then this variables values are automatically converted into the basec units:

$$(\$ v \$ \text{ m/s}) \quad v = 334.0 \text{ m/s.}$$

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$\km:=1000.0 \cdot \meter$
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Effect

```
kg := 1.0
gm := kg/1000.0
m := 1.0
km := 1000.0 · m
s := 1.0
hr := 3600.0 · s
J := 1.0
```

After that, if variables are defined in any above mentioned units: ($v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$) $v := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$ then this variables values are **automatically converted into** the basec units:

$$(\$ v \$ \text{ m/s}) \quad v = 334.0 \text{ m/s.}$$

Calculation with units - example

Sources

```

\newcommand{\vv}{\vec{v}}
How much is the kinetic energy of an 251.5 gm
( $ m_b:=251.5\cdot \text{gm} $ ) mass of ball
travelling at 1202.4 kilometers per hour
( $ \vv_b:=1202.4\cdot \text{km}/\text{hr} $ )?
\\ Calculation: \\ We know:\\
$ m_b $ {\rm kg}, $ \vv_b $ {\rm m/s}.\\
Kinetic energy is defined as:
\begin{equation}
E_k:=\frac{m_b\cdot \vv_b^2}{2}
\end{equation}
Units checking:
\begin{equation*}
\frac{m_b\cdot \vv_b^2}{2}=
\left[ \frac{\text{kg}\cdot (\text{m/s})^2}{2} \right]
=\frac{\text{kg}\cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}=\text{J}
\end{equation*}
Kinetic energy of this ball is $ E_k $ J.

```

Effect

How much is the kinetic energy of an 251.5 gm ($m_b := 251.5 \cdot \text{gm}$) mass of ball travelling at 1202.4 kilometers per hour ($\vec{v}_b := 1202.4 \cdot \text{km/hr}$)?

Calculation:

We know:

$m_b = 0.2515 \text{ kg}$, $\vec{v}_b = 334.0 \text{ m/s}$.

Kinetic energy is defined as:

$$E_k := \frac{m_b \cdot \vec{v}_b^2}{2} \quad (2)$$

Units checking:

$$\frac{m_b \cdot \vec{v}_b^2}{2} = \left[\frac{\text{kg} \cdot (\text{m/s})^2}{2} = \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} = \text{J} \right]$$

Kinetic energy of this ball is

$E_k = 14028.167 \text{ J}$.

Compilation script - 'go-tex.sh' script

```
# 2008-08-15
# main script for simple CalcTeX calculation example

InputCalcTeXFile="tex-calc.tex"
OutPutCalcTeXFile="tex.tex"
TmpFile=$OutPutCalcTeXFile".tpy"
tTmpFile=$OutPutCalcTeXFile"t.tpy"

echo Converting $InputCalcTeXFile file into python file $TmpFile
sh ../bin/tex2py.sh $InputCalcTeXFile $TmpFile

echo "Including math library in to python file - definition of 'e' & 'pi'"
echo "from math import * " > $tTmpFile
more $TmpFile >> $tTmpFile

echo using python for calculation
python < $tTmpFile > $OutPutCalcTeXFile
echo pdftex compilation
pdftex $OutPutCalcTeXFile
```

Python input & output file 4 'tex.tex' example part 1/2

tex.tpy – python input file

```

1 print "Task \par"
2 print "Tom has 81.52 kg ( $"
3 print "m_t:=81.52"
4 m_t=81.52
5 print "$ )"
6 print "Ann has 59.9 kg ( $"
7 print "m_a:=59.9"
8 m_a=59.9
9 print "~).  "
10 print "$"
11 print "How much is Tom's \& Ann's"
12 print "weight? \par Solution \par"
13 print "We know: \par"
14 print "$"
15 print "m_t="
16 print m_t
17 print "$ kg, $"
18 print "m_a="
19 print m_a

```

tex.tex – python output file

```

1 Task \par
2 Tom has 81.52 kg ( $
3 m_t:=81.52
4 $ )
5 Ann has 59.9 kg ( $
6 m_a:=59.9
7 ~).
8 $
9 How much is Tom's \& Ann's
10 weight? \par Solution \par
11 We know: \par
12 $
13 m_t=
14 81.52
15 $ kg, $
16 m_a=

```

Python input & output file 4 'tex.tex' example part 2/2

tex.tpy – python input file

```

20 print "$ kg. \\par"
21 print "Tom's \\& Ann's weight is:"
22 print "$"
23 print "m_{ta}:=m_t+m_a"
24 m_ta=m_t+m_a
25 print ", "
26 print "$"
27 print "$"
28 print "m_{ta}="
29 print m_ta
30 print "$ kg."
31 print "\\par Answer: \\par"
32 print "Tom's \\& Ann's weight is"
33 print "$"
34 print "m_{ta}="
35 print m_ta
36 print "\\rm~kg. "
37 print "$ \\end"

```

tex.tex – python output file

```

19 Tom's \& Ann's weight is:
20 $
21 m_{ta}:=m_t+m_a
22 ,
23 $
24 $
25 m_{ta}=
26 141.42
27 $ kg.
28 \par Answer: \par
29 Tom's \& Ann's weight is
30 $
31 m_{ta}=
32 141.42
33 \rm~kg.
34 $ \end

```

The End

- many thanks 4 \forall U attention!
- have a nice day!
- have nice CalcTeX calculations!
- 4 more info pls visit web page: <http://sg.bzip.pl/CalcTeX/>

The End

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The End

- many thanks 4 \forall U attention!
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- **have nice CalcT_EX calculations!**
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The End

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